Why School Boards Need a Clean Indoor Air Quality Policy for Schools

"Breathing clean air shouldn't be a luxury..." — Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)





Clean air is essential for children's health and well-being



Photo Credit: Isaac Quesada



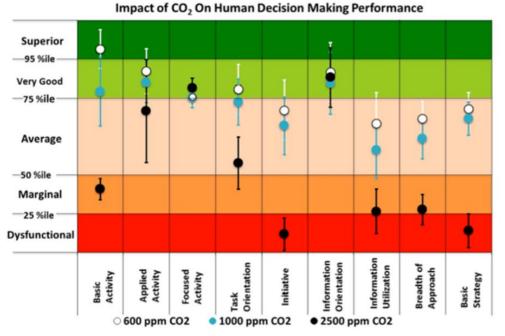
Improved indoor air quality (IAQ) boosts academic performance including math and reading test scores

- Cognition
- Literacy
- Math
- Problem-solving





Poor IAQ impairs learning and cognition



Source: Is CO2 an Indoor Pollutant? Direct Effects of Low-to-Moderate CO2 Concentrations on Human Decision-Making Performance | http://ehp.niehs.nih.gov/1104789/

Source: https://ehp.niehs.nih.gov/doi/10.1289/ehp.1104789



The recent wildfire season taught us that we can't always just open a window to get clean air.

- "It is the fine particles (PM_{2.5}), not visible to the human eye, that <u>get</u>
 <u>deep into our lungs and bloodstream</u>."¹
- "There is no evidence of a safe level of exposure for most of these pollutants. This means that smoke can impact your health even at very low levels. As smoke levels increase, your health risks increase.
 Air quality may be decreased even if you can't see or smell smoke."²



Young children are at higher risk than adults when exposed to PM_{2.5}.
 ontarioschoolsafety.com

Improved IAQ reduces:

- <u>absences</u> due to respiratory illnesses, and
- hospitalizations³ for children

Our past: Fall/Winter 2022





We expect clean water. Shouldn't we also expect clean air?





Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) concentrations are a proxy for ventilation

Rebreathed CO₂

Breath approximately 40,000 ppm Outdoors 400 ppm

For every +400 ppm rebreathed fraction +1%

800 ppm = 1%1 in 100 breaths1200 ppm = 2%1 in 50 breaths2400 ppm = 5%1 in 20 breaths5000 ppm = 12%1 in 8 breaths

Credit: David Elfstrom, P. Eng. Retrieved from https://itsairborne.com/intro-to-monitoring-co2-20f191dd8f60



Increasing ventilation <u>reduces exposure</u>⁴ to infectious aerosols (and other indoor pollutants)

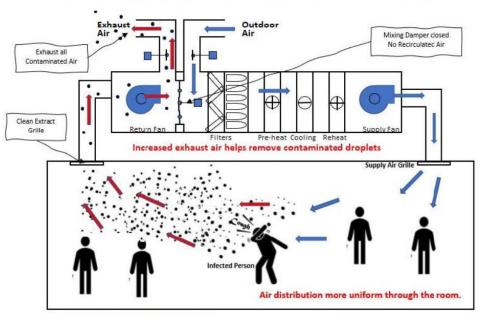
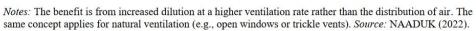


Figure 19: How (mechanical) ventilation reduces risk of disease exposure





Right now, we don't know the air quality in schools, but what we do know is concerning

- Schools tend to have high levels of CO₂ and high concentration of particulate matter such as dust.
- CO_2 monitors can be a proxy for ventilation.
- CO₂ monitors are used in schools in Québec and elsewhere to monitor ventilation.
- Real-time reporting could help schools determine when to take steps to improve air quality.





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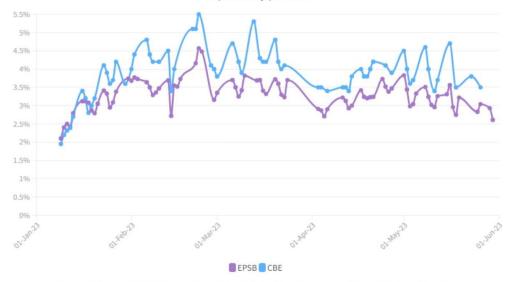
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APET

Filtering the Air Supplements Ventilation and Reduces Absences

Student absences from Edmonton Public Schools and Calgary Board of Education schools due to any illness (2023)

Percentage of total student population absent on a daily basis. Data reflects student absences reported by parents.



Source: Edmonton Public Schools, Calgary Board of Education - Graphic: Kyra Markov/CTV News Edmonton

HEPA Filters are used in Edmonton Public Schools but not in Calgary Board of Education ontarioschoolsafety.com



Improving indoor air quality (IAQ) in schools is an equity issue...

Equity is about providing all students with what they need to succeed.

- some schools are overcrowded and subject to more pollution,
- not all schools have the same quality of HVAC and maintenance,
 - or HEPA filtration,
 - or even windows that open.



School Boards need an IAQ policy

Efforts by School Boards to upgrade furnace filters, and to supply HEPA filters to Kindergartens and schools without HVAC are a step in the right direction. The next step is to create an air quality policy.



IAQ policies are necessary and feasible

- School Boards need a policy to ensure a minimum indoor air quality standard in every school so that all students and education workers have clean air.
- Thankfully, there are already tools to create a minimum standard. Air filtration with HEPA filters or CR boxes could be an interim strategy.



How Can Schools Filter the Air?

- Use MERV-13 filters if the HVAC system can handle them.
- Use HEPA filters at the highest setting and place them away from the wall to ensure air flow.
- Use CR boxes as a cost-effective alternative to HEPA filters.



What is a CR box?

- Corsi-Rosenthal boxes are Do-It-Yourself air filters made from a new box fan filter, four MERV-13 furnace filters, and duct tape.
- CR boxes remove particulate matter like wildfire smoke, as well as infectious viruses and bacteria from the air.
- There are several different configurations to suit rooms of different sizes.
- A CR box costs about \$100 to make–less than the cost of half a day of supply teacher coverage.
- CR boxes make clean air more accessible in schools.



CR boxes are...

• Safe

• see information from the EPA⁵ and Underwriters Laboratories⁶

• Effective

- Recommended by engineers as an additional tool to achieve IAQ targets
- Cheaper than HEPA (approx. \$100), and
- ultra energy-efficient and quiet when made with PC fans, which lowers energy costs



CR boxes: a cross-curricular STEM learning opportunity

- Building CR boxes is an authentic cross-curricular STEM learning opportunity for students.
- This is a rich task that teaches students problem solving skills and practical applications for technology.
- This task fits current curriculum expectations (2022 Science curriculum).



Grade 2

- Fluids: Air and Water (Properties of air)
- STEM investigations/skills
- Practical applications of technology
- Art (3D objects)

Grade 6

- Matter and Energy: (Properties of air)
- STEM investigations/skills
- Practical applications of technology
- Art (3D objects)

Grade 8

- Geometry: Calculate the surface area and volume of solids
- Fluid mechanics
- STEM investigations/skills
- Practical applications of technology

Grade 9

- Air flow calculations
- Static electricity
- Earn volunteer hours by building CR boxes for schools

Grade 5 students made "Air Force One," a CR box, donated to the White House Office of Science and Technology



Source: https://today.ucsd.edu/story/uc-san-diego-professor-presents-air-filtration-fan-to-the-white-house-to-help-fight-covid



What can school boards do?

- Commission equipment and ensure it is running properly
- Increase the amount of outdoor air supplied to the space
 - Increase the percentage of outdoor air
 - Increase the total airflow to the space
- Upgrade filters to MERV-13
- Supplement with HEPA filters to achieve target rates
- Monitor air quality, especially CO₂

Image Source: OSPE. Retrieved from https://www.ohcow.on.ca/posts/collaborating-on-solutions-for-cleaner-school-air/



School Boards already have the tools

Summary of Tools

	HVAC/Building Wide	In-Room
Ventilation	Increase outdoor airflow	Thermostat Fan setting OnWindows
Filtration	Upgrade to MERV-13	HEPA filter or CR Box
Verification & Transparency	 Commission HVAC systems Building Readiness Plan 	 Monitor CO₂ Check airflow

Image Source: OSPE. Retrieved from https://www.ohcow.on.ca/posts/collaborating-on-solutions-for-cleaner-school-air/

- IAQ experts can monitor CO₂ and check airflow
- Sometimes it's as simple as switching the HVAC setting from "AUTO" to "FAN"

When we consider the consequences of poor indoor air quality as well as the benefits to improving it, including improved academic performance, and fewer absences, the wise choice becomes clear: A clean air policy would position your school board as a leader, align with your values that support student well-being, and enhance your reputation. Let's take steps to analyze and improve air quality in schools to help keep kids healthy.





Thank You





Endnotes

^{1, 2} Health Canada. (2021). *Wildfire smoke 101: Wildfire smoke and your health.*

https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada/services/publications/healthy-living/wildfire-smoke-health.html

³ Public Health Ontario. (2022, November 18). *Environmental Scan:* COVID-19 and Other Respiratory Illnesses in *Pediatric Populations*.

https://www.publichealthontario.ca/-/media/Documents/nCoV/phm/2022/11/covid-respiratory-Illnesses-pediatric-populati ons-fall-2022.pdf?rev=0fd12bb2aaa84145b7470a4492746ab3&sc_lang=en#:~:text=Up%20to%20October%201%2C% 202022.per%20week%20(Figure%202).&text=Pediatric%20ICU%20admissions%20ranged%20from,2022%20to%20ea rly%20March%202022.

⁴ Royal Academy of Engineering. (2022, June). *Infection Resilient Environments Social Cost Benefit Analysis*. <u>https://raeng.org.uk/media/fupdixju/nera-social-cost-benefit-analysis.pdf</u>

⁵ EPA. (2023, December 12). *Research on DIY Air Cleaners to Reduce Wildfire Smoke Indoors*. <u>https://www.epa.gov/air-research/research-diy-air-cleaners-reduce-wildfire-smoke-indoors</u>

⁶ Davis, A. and Black, M. *Wildfire Safety Research: An Evaluation of DIY Air Filtration.* <u>https://chemicalinsights.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/03/DIY-Box-Fan-Report-2021.pdf</u>



References

Improved IAQ reduces the burden of asthma and allergies

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3266016/

https://www.epa.gov/indoor-air-quality-iaq



OSPE recommends six air changes per hour in schools

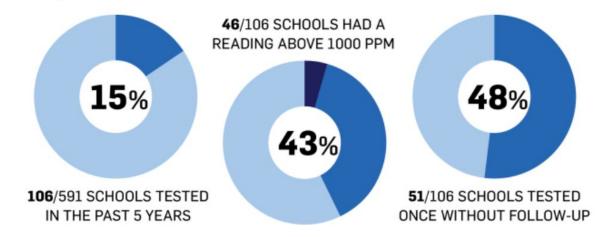
- A new ASHRAE Standard 241 was released in June 2023, which aims to reduce the transmission of viruses and bacteria in buildings.
- The new ASHRAE 241 sets a standard of 6.7 ACH in schools.
- The old ASHRAE Standard 62.1 set a standard of 2.5 ACH in schools. It does not take into account the reality of crowded classrooms and poorly ventilated spaces.
- Professional Engineers recommend 6 ACH in schools.

Sources: https://itsairborne.com/ashrae-241-control-of-infectious-aerosols-part-1-the-history-of-the-standard-ef6abd43c59c https://itsairborne.com/ashrae-241-control-of-infectious-aerosols-part-2-equivalent-clean-airflow-rates-76a511769d4d https://ospe.on.ca/advocacy/ospe-supports-adoption-of-ashrae-standard-241-in-the-canadian-national-building-code/#:~:text=ASHRAE%20Standard%20241%20provides%20comprehensive.the%2 Ospread%20of%20airborne%20pathogens https://www.ashrae.org/about/news/2023/ashrae-publishes-standard-241-control-of-infectious-aerosols



Classrooms are often underventilated, especially crowded portables

Five years of Toronto measurements





Source: <u>https://toronto.ctvnews.ca/poor-air-quality-in-toronto-schools-could-impair-learning-environment-1.2219342</u>, 2015.

CARBON DIOXIDE LEVELS (PPM)



A problem for students in particular

Current average outdoor levels of CO2 are now 420 ppm. Current federal building code < 1000 ppm.

Source: <u>https://toronto.ctvnews.ca/poor-air-quality-in-toronto-schools-could-impair-learning-environment-1.2219342</u>, 2015.)

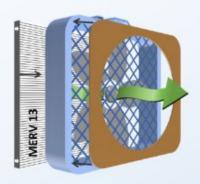


Filter the air to improve IAQ in classrooms with insufficient ventilation

- Filtering the air in classrooms reduces airborne particles, including infectious aerosols (respiratory viruses and some bacteria) and particulate matter (PM _{2.5}), like soot and dust, can reduce the burden of illness when it isn't practical to increase ventilation sufficiently.
- Ensuring classrooms support the needs of all students includes air quality.



DIY Air Cleaner Designs: Beyond the Basic



Good

Basic Supplies:

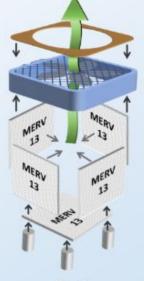
- 20" x 20" box fan
- 20" x 20" x 1" or 4" MERV 13 air filter
- 20" x 20" cardboard shroud (cutout the size of the fan blades)
- Clamps, duct tape, or bungee cords



Better

Additional Supplies:

- Two MERV 13 air filters
- Triangle cardboard cutout for base on top



Best

Additional Supplies:

- Four or five MERV 13 air filters
- If using five filter design, use leg supports (e.g., blocks) to allow airflow through bottom

Ways to Improve Effectiveness:

- Add a cardboard shroud (no-cost improvement)
- Use thicker filters (4" rather than 1" MERV 13 filters)
- Use multiple filters (2-5 filter designs)

Key Reminders:

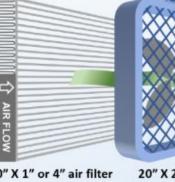
- Only use certified fans with UL or ETL marking (2012 model or newer)
- · Keep extra filters on hand
- Replace filters when dirty

Source: https://www.epa.gov/air-research/research-diy-air-cleaners-reduce-wildfire-smoke-indoors



DIY Air Cleaner to Reduce Wildfire Smoke Indoors: Basic Design

Materials



20" X 20" X 1" or 4" air filter Suggested rating: MERV 13

or

20" X 20" box fan Only use certified fans with UL or ETL marking (2012 model or newer)



Assembly

- Attach the air filter to the back of the box fan using either clamps, duct tape or bungee cords.
- 2. Check the filter for the direction of the air flow (marked on the side of the filter).
- 3. Replace filters when dirty.

Clamps Duct Tape Bungee Cords Learn about box fan safety tips: https://www.epa.gov/air-research/research-diy-air-cleaners-reduce-wildfire-smoke-indoors#FAQ



"Designing the Corsi-Rosenthal box has been one of the most gratifying things that I have done in my career as an engineer," he said. "I am thrilled to be part of something that is so accessible to people around the world, helping to protect children in school and families in their homes, all the while inspiring children about the power of STEM."

- Dr. Richard Corsi, Dean of Engineering, UC Davis

Source: https://news.3m.com/2022-02-24-3M-scientists-This-Corsi-Rosenthal-box-movement-is-legit



https://www.epa.gov/iaq-schools/why-indoor-air-quality-important-schools

https://www.epa.gov/iaq-schools/indoor-air-quality-high-performance-schools

https://www.epa.gov/iaq-schools/evidence-scientific-literature-about-improved-academic-performance

https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2014-08/documents/student_performance_findings.pdf

https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/COVID-19/COVID-19-and-Improving-Indoor-Air-Quality-in-Schools .aspx#

https://education-forum.ca/2022/11/08/corsi-rosenthal-boxes-as-school-based-learning-activities/



Speaker Notes

- Slide 7 We breathe over 11,000 L of air every day far more than the 2L of water most adults need each day. When we breathe recirculated air, some of that air has been inside other people's lungs. Most of us wouldn't drink from other people's water bottles, so why settle for re-breathed air?
- **Slide 11** Free downloadable infographic to help education workers improve air quality in classrooms. Source: Joey Fox, P. Eng., Chair of the IAQ Committee for the Ontario Society of Professional Engineers. <u>https://itsairborne.com/how-can-you-clean-the-air-w-a-t-c-h-f1fc3f11fba5</u>
- Children need clean indoor air in all spaces where they gather (e.g., including gyms, cafeterias, locker rooms, library commons, portables, buses, etc.)

